

Integrated Pest Management (IPM)

IPM is a holistic approach to sustainable agriculture that focuses on managing insects, weeds and diseases through a combination of cultural, biological and chemical measures that are cost effective, environmentally sound and socially acceptable. This includes the responsible use of crop protection and plant biotech products.

Why is IPM important?

GLOBAL **POPULATION** is on the rise



and therefore so is

FOOD DEMAND

THIS MEANS FARMERS MUST



INCREASE YIELDS on existing land



while PROTECTING **BIODIVERSITY** and looking after the environment

IPM PROVIDES FARMERS WITH TOOLS AND STRATEGIES TO



sustainably **MAXIMIZE PRODUCTION**

and MINIMIZE LOSSES due to insects. weeds and diseases

Key Components Of An IPM Strategy



FARMERS are the primary decision makers in implementing IPM strategies.





ONITO

MONITOR crops for both pests and natural control

mechanisms

- Reduce carry-over of weeds and disease by appropriate harvesting, seed cleaning and storage.
- Distinguish between pests and beneficial insects.
- Determine if intervention is necessary.

INTERVENE when control measures

are needed

TERVE

- Determine the most appropriate intervention to control pests; one that is cost-effective and environmentally sound.
- Interventions can be physical, cultural, biological or chemical.
- If crop protection products are required, use them responsibly.

PREVENT the build-up of pests

- Select the best crop varieties for local growing conditions.
- Employ crop rotation, irrigation and tillage practices that help manage pests.
- Manage habitats for beneficial insects.
- Reduce carry-over of weeds and disease by appropriate harvesting, seed cleaning and storage.
- Use seed treatments when necessary.

Integrated Pest Management

Role Of The Plant Science Industry



RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

- Developing innovative chemistry and other control agents to manage insects, weeds and diseases
- Improving crop varieties with pest and disease resistant traits



Over time, pests can develop resistance to different control methods. The plant science industry works to provide strategies and information that can help farmers manage insect, weed and disease resistance.



IPM TRAINING

As part of an on-going commitment to stewardship, the plant science industry trains farmers on IPM best practices.

Since 2005 CropLife International IPM programs





2 MILLION individuals



IDENTIFYING beneficial insects



WHEN and HOW to manage pests



of crop protection products



of empty containers or unused products



Establishing

PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS (PPPs)

The plant science industry believes PPPs are essential to IPM training as they can:

- Scale up access to new technologies
- Provide information, education and training

The global CropLife network has over **340 IPM PARTNERSHIPS** worldwide



- Private sector
- Governments
- NGOs
- Universities
 - Agricultural associations
 - Donors
- National research organizations